



Deep geothermal wells – Model development and verifications

DRG-H3.2

MECHANICS OF MATERIALS FOR DEEP ROOT EQUIPMENT, FAILURE ANALYSIS AND IMPROVEMENTS IN DESIGN

Collaborators:

Magnus T. Jonsson HÍ,
Sigrún Nanna Karlsdóttir HÍ, Halldór Pálsson HÍ,
Gunnar Skúlason Kaldal HÍ, Kristinn Ingason Mannvit,
Geir Þórólfsson HS, Kristján Einarsson LV, Sigurður H. Markússon
LV, Ólafur Sverrisson LV, Egill Júlíusson LV,
Guðrún Sævarsdóttir HR, Einar Jón Ásbjörnsson HR,
Ingólfur Örn Þorbjörnsson Ísor, Ásbjörn Einarsson

Deep Geothermal Wells

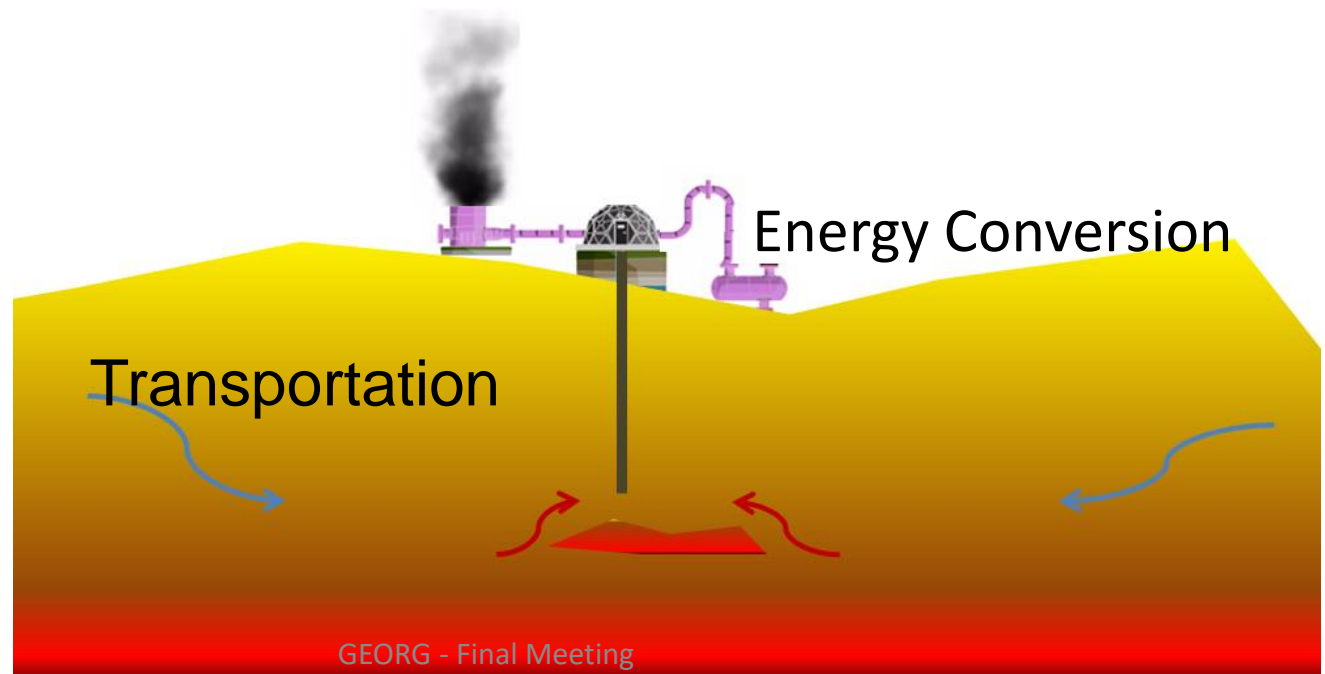
Outline:

- Introduction
- Model Developments
- Verifications
- Root Cause Analysis
- Improvements
- Summary



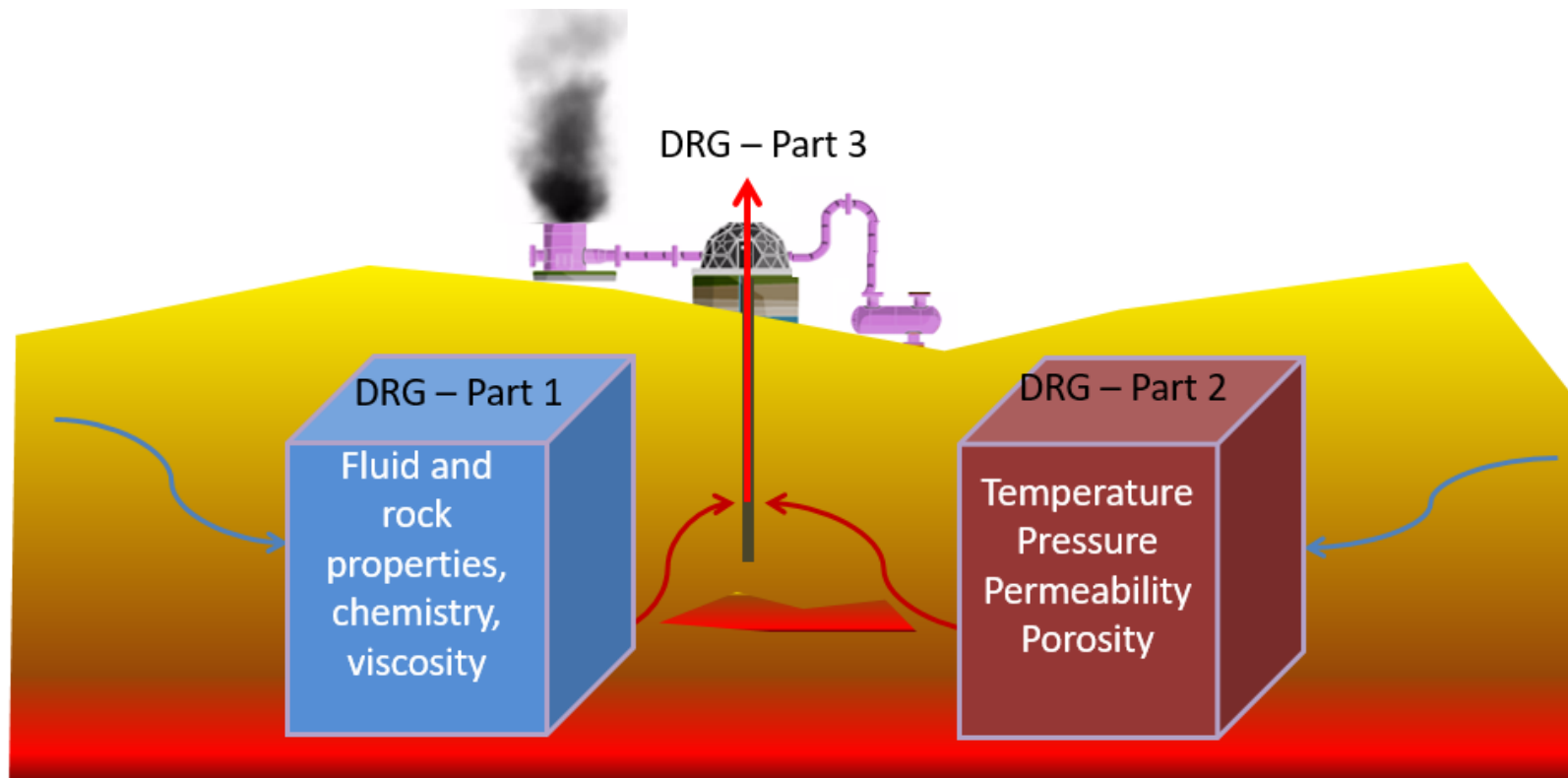
Objective

The main goal of this research is to develop a process to utilize the high enthalpy geothermal fluid which comes from drilling into deep geothermal systems.



DRG – Part 1

DRG – Part 2



Model Developments

Nonlinear FEM Models

Casings and surrounding

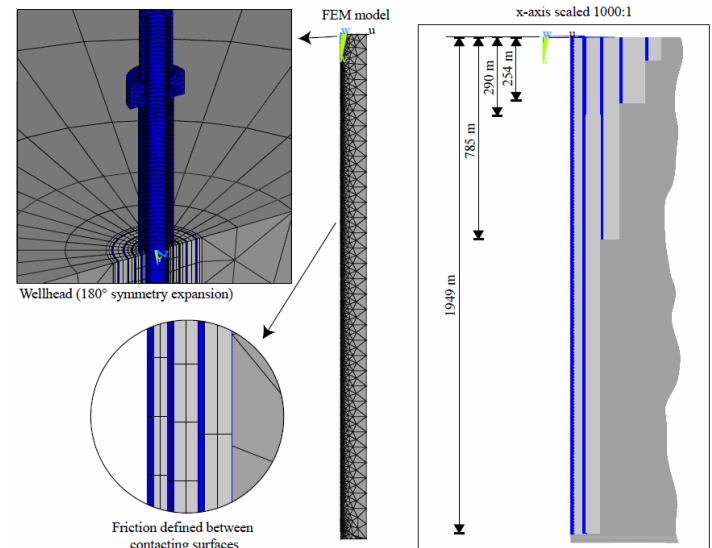
Thermal model: Two dimensional axisymmetric
Transient thermal analysis

Structural model: Two dimensional axisymmetric
Axial and radial deformations

Simplified couplings and wellhead

Nonlinear behaviour:

- Large geometric displacements
- Nonlinear material behaviour
- Connections between surfaces



Model Developments

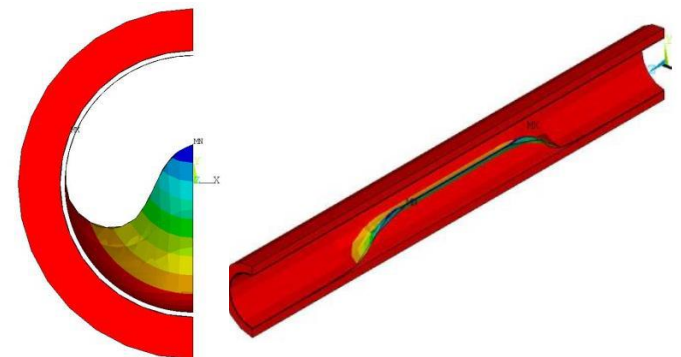
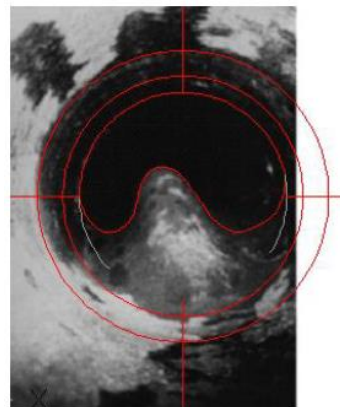
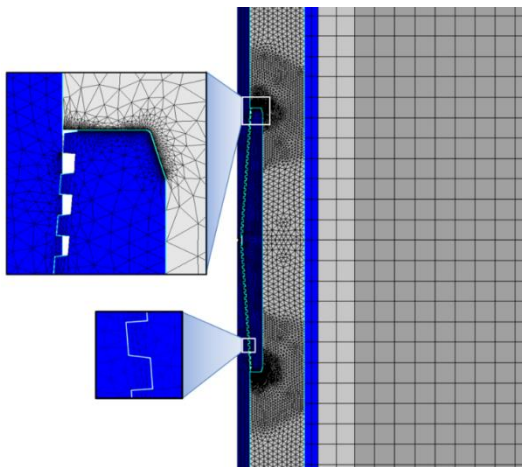
Nonlinear FEM Models

Coupling in concrete

Structural model: Two dimensional axisymmetric

Casing sections

Structural model: Three dimensional



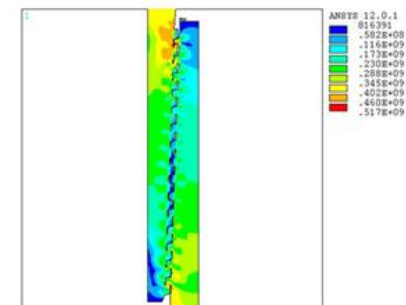
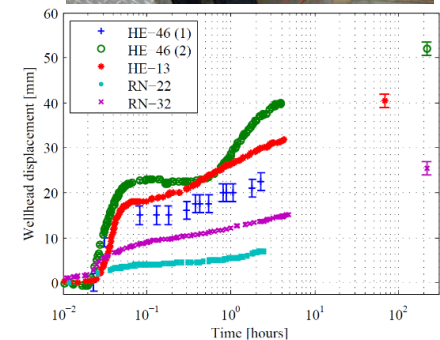
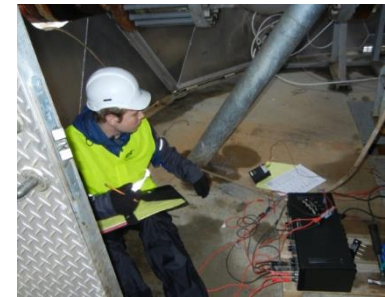
Two dimensional thermal and structural model

The model has been tested against wellhead displacement data of different wells and shows good agreement.

Two dimensional coupling model

Three dimensional sections model

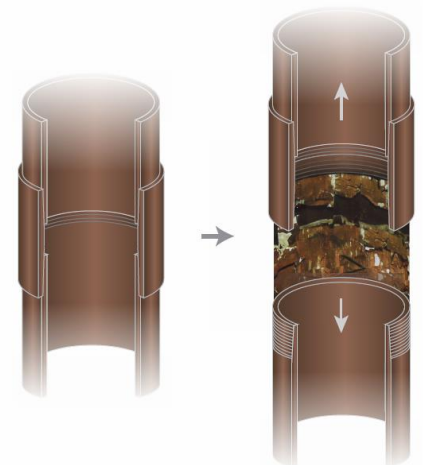
Comparison with analytical and experimental data show good agreement.



Root Cause Analysis

Failure Analysis

- Erosion and corrosion
- Radial loading
- Axial loading



Root Cause Analysis

Failure Analysis – Radial loading

Radial loadings are applied primarily by internal and external fluid pressures.

Internal Yield – Bursting - Collapse

During installation:

The differential pressures that occur before and during cementing process.

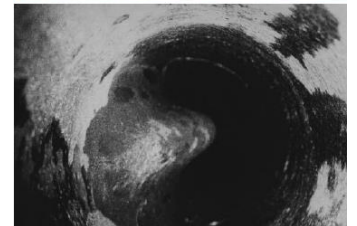
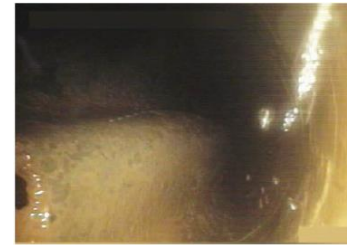
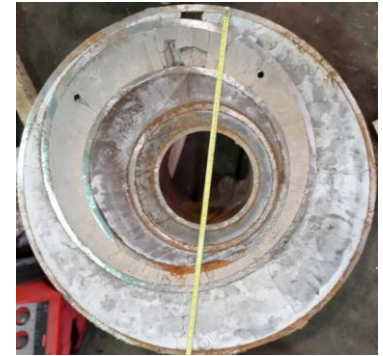
During operation:

Thermal expansion.

External pressure from entrapped fluid expansion.

Static pressure from a dense liquid column.

Pressure fluctuation during pumping or flashing.



Root Cause Analysis

Failure Analysis – Axial loading

Axial loadings are applied primarily by thermal expansion and self weight.

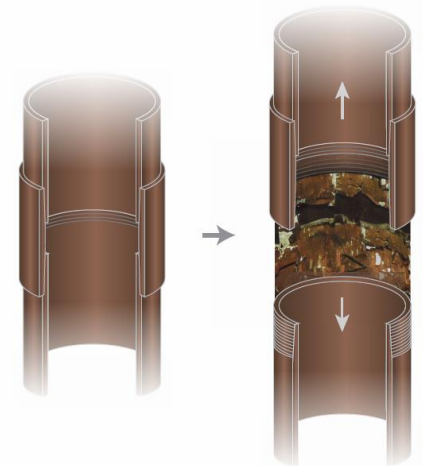
Buckling - Rupture

During installation:

Axial tension due to casing weight

During operation:

Thermal expansion during quenching and cooling.

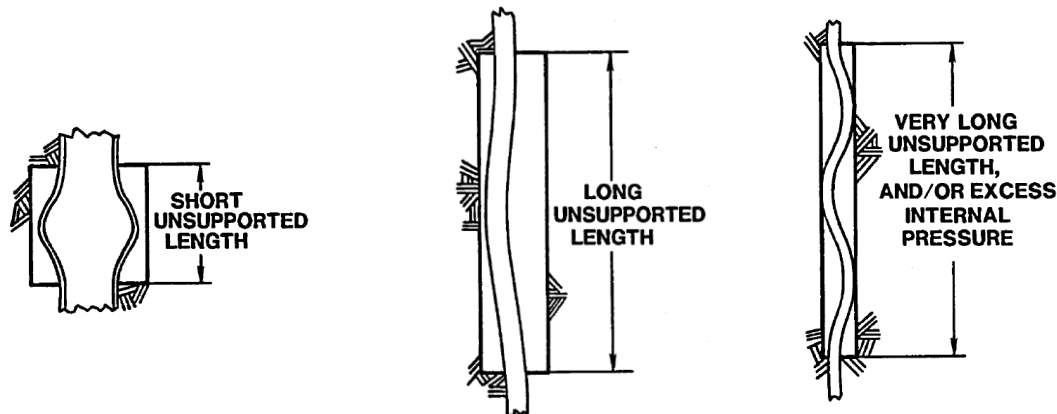


Improvements for radial loading:

- Improve the cementing process
- Chose the right material based on, corrosion resistance, thermal expansion, yield stress, young modulus.
- Chose the right dimensions according to diameter, thickness, ovality.

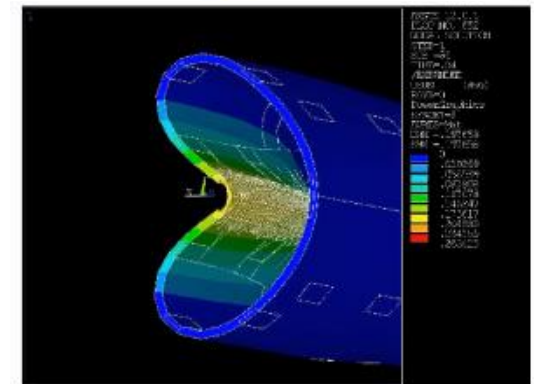
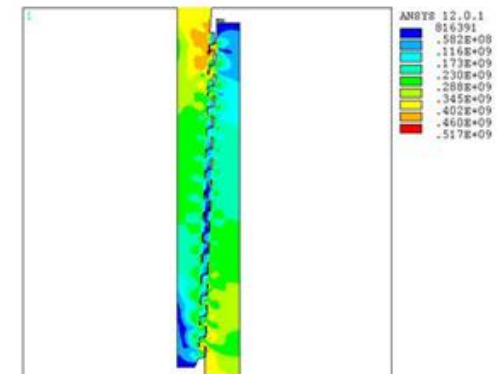
Improvements for axial loading:

- Improve the cementing process
- Improve the quenching and cooling program
- Chose the right couplings



Summary:

- Introduction
- Material research
- Model development
- Verification
- Root cause analysis
- Improvements
- Conclusion



Questions ?

